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IN THE SPECIFICATION

15:23

Please substitute the following paragraph for paragraph [0022].

In the above-mentioned method, a suitable polycarbonate is an aromatic polycarbonate, such as bisphenol-A (BPA). A terminal regulator can also be added in the disclosed method. In one exemplary embodiment, the terminal regulator is an aromatic dihydroxy compound such as bisphenol-A.

Please substitute the following paragraph for paragraph [0024].

Suitable polycarbonate resin waste suitable can be resin recovered from waste molding articles and resins that are prepared but do not meet required standards (e.g., below standard products produced due to change in brand, initial stages of operation, etc.), waste produced during molding, spool, below standard products during molding, molded articles with expired life, etc.

Please substitute the following paragraph for paragraph [0031].

In the disclosed method, polycarbonate resin waste is added to a transesterification system in molten form. Polycarbonate waste resin containing additive agents that inhibit the reaction can be added to the polycondensation reaction and the polycondensation reaction advances smoothly by planning the kind of catalyst as well as optimization of quantity depending on OH concentration of the transesterification reaction. Moreover, there is no variation in the average molecular weight of the obtained polycarbonate, and it is possible to control the desired weight. The molecular weight of polycarbonate resin finally obtained can be controlled within the desirable range, even if the average molecular weight of polycondensation resin waste is higher or lower than what is desired in the final product. While not wishing to be bound to a particular theory, it is believed that the polycarbonate resin waste added during the polycondensation reaction undergoes depolymerisation, transesterification reaction, or further polycondensation reaction.

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Please substitute the following paragraph for paragraph [0063].

In case of using combinations of at least two types, it is preferred that reactors should be connected in series. In one exemplary embodiment, at least one reactor will be a horizontal reactor, such as a horizontal agitator reactor. In exemplary embodiments where at least three reactors are connected in series, illustrative combinations include at least two vertical agitator reactors and one horizontal agitator reactor; at least one vertical agitator reactor and at least one thin-film evaporation reactor and at least one horizontal agitator reactor; and at least one vertical agitator reactor and at least two horizontal agitator reactors. The polycondensation reaction can be carried out efficiently, if at least two of the reactors are connected in series.

Please substitute the following paragraph for paragraph [0079].

When a polycarbonate is prepared by the disclosed recycling method, the formation of the above-mentioned Branches (I) and (II) can be <u>minimized minimised</u>. The reason is believed to be that the waste resin already has a suitably high molecular weight and therefore requires lesser heat energy and less retention time at high temperature compared to polymerisation of monomers.